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5. SOME FOOD PLANTS OF CHITAL (AXIS AXIS) IN RAJAJI NATIONAL PARK, INDIA.

While studying chital habitat use in and around Dholkhand, Rajaji National Park, India, during November 1992 - May 1993, we observed some plant items fed upon by chital. Observations were either direct (i.e. seen in the chital's mouth) or indirect (i.e. fresh signs where the chital had just fed). Binoculars (8 x 30) were used. We report our findings, which, incidentally, seem to be the northwestern-most record on chital food preferences in India.

The species and plant parts eaten are listed in Table 1. We did not see, but strongly believe from our observations on chital behaviour, that leaves of Acacia catechu, Terminalia bellirica, Adina cordifolia, Carissa opaca, and fruits of C. opaca and Bauhinia racemosa were also eaten.

Of the 35 species we have listed, 9 are being reported for the first time (Table 1), while 26 have already been documented in one or more of seven earlier reports in India. Our observations also suggest that food preferences of chital differed with seasons, availability and palatability.

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 TABLE 1

 SOME FOOD PLANTS OF CHITAL IN THE PARK

Plant species	Part eaten	Remark
Ageratum conyzoides	stm + lf	stm & If together
Anogeissus latifolia	lf	
*Arabidopsis thaliana	stm + lf (nf)	Available and eaten only in March-April
*Arenaria serpyllifolia	stm + lf (nf)	Available and eaten only in March-April
Bridelia retusa	lt [*]	
Blumea sp.	stm + lf	
*Carex sp.	lf	
Chloris dolichostachya	nf	
Chrysopogon fulvus	nf	
Cordia obliqua	lf	
Crotalaria sp.	stm + lf	
Cynodon dactylon	stm + lf	
Cyperus kyllingia	stm + lf (nf)	
Dendrophthoe falcata	lf	
Desmostachya bipinnata	lf (nf)	
*Dicliptera roxburghiand	r stm + lf	
*Eulaliopsis binata	nf	Only nf from cut stock eaten
*Gnaphalium		
leuteo-album	stm + lf (nf)	Available and eaten only in March-April
Helicteres isora	lf (nf)	
Heteropogon contortus	lf (nt)	
Ichnocarpus frutescens	stm + lf	
Imperata cylindrica	nf	
Justicia simplex	stm + lf	
Lantana camara	lf	

Plant Species	Part eaten	Remark
Mallotus philippinensis	lf	
*Neyraudia arundinacea	stm + lf	
*Shorea robusta	p + inf	Available and eaten only in April-May
Sporobolus diander	nf	
*Stellaria media	stm + lf (nf)	Available and eaten only in March-Apri
Terminalia tomentosa	lf	
Urena lobata	stm + lf	
Vetiveria zizanioides	nf	nf from burnt stock
Zizyphus xylopyra	lf, ft	
Z. mauritiana	ft	Seen from carcass
Malvaceae member	stm + lf	Probably
		Malvastrum coromandelianum

TABLE 1 (contd.) SOME FOOD PLANTS OF CHITAL IN THE PARK Rajaji National Park who kindly facilitated our study; WCU (IUCN) funded it through Wildlife Institute of India.

	July 27, 1999	SHRIDHAR D. BHAT
aten		Forestry College,
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ock		GOPAL S. RAWAT
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ass		Chandrabani,
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um		Dehra Dun 248 001,
s,		Uttar Pradesh,
		India.

(stm = stem, lf = leaf, nf = new flush, ft = fruit, p = petal

inf = inflorescence); * First record, to our knowledge.

6. BIRDS FORAGING ON TREE TRUNKS

On several occasions, while studying woodpeckers at the Peechi - Vazhani Wildlife Sanctuary (Thrissur dist., Kerala), I came across birds other than woodpeckers foraging on tree tranks either in association with woodpeckers

TABLE 1				
BIRDS SEEN FORAGING ON TREE TRUN	IKS			

or all by themselves. I report here some of these observations. It may be stated that there was no systematic effort to gather this data as it was not the focus of my studies.

Eleven species of birds from eight families

TABLE 1 (contd.) **BIRDS SEEN FORAGING ON TREE TRUNKS**

Species	# Obs.	Association with woodpeckers	Food consumed	Species
Meropidae Bluebearded Bee-eater* (Nyctyornis athertoni)	1	-	1	Campephagid <mark>a</mark> e Large Wood-Shrike (<i>Tephrodornis virgat</i>
Capitonidae Small Green Barbet (Megalaima viridis)	• 2	-	T; I	Pycnonotidae Redwhiskered Bulbul (Pycnonotus jocosus)
Dicruridae Grey Drongo	1		1	Redvented Bulbul* (P. cafer)
(Dicrurus leucophaeus) Racket-tailed Drongo	5	2	I	Muscicapidae Jungle Babbler*
Sturnidae Whiteheaded Myna	4	1	I; T	(Turdoides striatus) Paradise Flycatcher* (Terpsiphone paradis
(Sturnus malabaricus) Corvidae				(Note: T -Termites; I-
Treepie (Dendrocitta vagabunda)	2	2	1	

Species	# Obs. Association		n Food	
		with	consumed	
		woodpeckers		
Campephagidae				
Large Wood-Shrike	4	-	1,S,T	
(Tephrodornis virgatus)				
Pycnonotidae				
Redwhiskered Bulbul*	2	2	Т	
(Pycnonotus jocosus)				
Redvented Bulbul*	7	5	T, I	
(P. cafer)				
Muscicapidae				
Jungle Babbler*	1	1	Т	
(Turdoides striatus)				
Paradise Flycatcher*	1		1	
(Terpsiphone paradisi)				

Insects; S-Spiders)

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